VARIMETER


Function Diagram



- According to IEC/EN 60 255, DIN VDE 0435-303
- Detection of underload $(\cos \varphi)$
- Without auxiliary supply
- Current up to 8 A

Motors up to 5 A nominal current can be connected directly

- Higher currents via current transformer
- SL 9065CT with integrated current transformer for currents up to 100 A
- Adjustable response value
- Automatic reset (Alarm auto reset)
- Adjustable operate delay up to 100 s
- De-energized on trip
- For single and 3-phase loads e.g. motors
- Independent of phase sequence
- 1 changeover contact
- LED indicator voltage supply and alarm
- Devices available in 2 enclosure versions: IK 9065: depth 58 mm, with terminals at the bottom for installation systems and industrial distribution systems according to DIN 43880 SK 9065, SL 9065CT: depth 98 mm , with terminals at the top for cabinets with mounting plate and cable duct
- IK 9065, SK 9065 width 17.5 mm SL 9065CT width 35 mm

IK/SK 9065/100: as IK/SK 9065 but:

- programmable for
- automatic reset or manual reset (latched alarm)
- energized or de-energized on trip
- with reset button
- remote reset


## Approvals and Marking

## C

## Applications

Monitors underload and no load on squirrel cage motors e.g.

- fan monitoring (broken belt)
- filter monitoring (blocked filter)
- pump monitoring (blocked valve, dry running)
- general cos phi monitoring


## Function

The underload monitor IK/SK/SL 9065 measures the phase shift between voltage and current. The phase angle changes with changing load. This measuring method is suitable to monitor asynchronous motors on underload and no load independent of motor size. In some cases the $\cos \varphi$ does not change much with load change on the motor, e.g.:

- small load change on oversized motor
- single phase chaded-pole and collector motors

In these cases we recommend the use of motor load monitor BA 9067 or BH 9097.

If a cos phi value lower then the adjusted value is detected the output relay changes into alarm state after the adjusted time delay $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{v}}$ and the red LED "Alarm" lights up. If the underload monitor is in auto reset mode it changes back to normal state without delay when the cos phi rises above the adjusted cos phi value.

## Indicators

green LED:
on, when supply connected to L1-L2
red LED:


## Remarks

Monitoring of single phase load is also possible. The terminal L3 is not connected in this case (see connection diagram). The underload monitor must be ordered for the right voltage e.g. a unit for 3 AC 230 V for a single phase 230 V application.
When the underload monitor IK/SK 9065 is connected to the supply voltage L1-L2-L3 and no current is flowing in the current path L1-L1' the unit changes also in alarm state.
The current path L1-L1' allows to connect currents up to 8 A directly at IK/ SK 9065. When connecting asynchronous motors not only the nominal current is important, but also the much higher starting current. The overload characteristic of the current input allows to connect motors with nominal current up to $4 . .5$ A depending on the starting conditions. This is at 3 AC 400 V a motor load of 1.5 ... 2.2 kW .
It is important that the motor is connected to L1' and not to L1. On wrong connection the phase angle will be measured in a wrong way and the underload monitor IK/SK 9065 will not work.

For higher currents over 8 A (nominal motor current over 5 A ) external current transformers can be used ( see Connection Examples). Also here the current transformers have to be connected with the right polarity. All standard current transformers of class 3 or better can be used (1 A or 5 A types).
The integrated current transformer at SL 9065CT allows to connect currents up to 100 A directly.

The variant IK/SK/SL 9065.11/100 allows the following settings: Bridge
X1-L1
$\bullet$ Automatic restart (Alarm auto reset)

- Manual restart(Latched Alarm), reset with built in push button, external push button on X1-L1 or by disconnecting the supply voltage.


## Switch "REL" on front side

- position "A": energized on trip (relay energises on underload-alarm)
- Position "R": de-energized on trip (relay de-energises on under load-alarm)


## Technical Data

## Input

| Nominal voltage $\mathbf{U}_{\mathrm{N}}:$ | $(=$ Motor voltage) |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $3 \mathrm{AC}($ or AC) $110,230,400 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Voltage range: | $0.8 \ldots 1.1 \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{N}}$ |
| Nominal frequency of $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{N}}:$ | $45 \ldots 65 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Nominal consumption |  |
| (L1-L2): | max. approx. 11 VA |

## Current Path

Current range
IK 9065, SK 9065:
Internal resistance:
Consumption:

Short time overload: $\quad 2.5 \mathrm{XI}_{\max }$ for $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \times \mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}$ for 0.5 s
Suitable current transformers: 1 A or 5 A types, class 3,
with necessary load capacity 5 ... 100 A via integrated current transformer in the base
0 ... 0.97 infinite variable
1 ... 100 s infinite variable

Setting range $\cos \varphi$ : Operate delay $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{v}}$ :
0.1...2 A $\quad 0.5 \ldots 8$ A $^{*}$
approx. $30 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ approx. $10 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$
max. 0.14 VA max. 0.7 VA

* (for higher currents use external current transformer see connection diagram)

Current range SL 9065CT:

## Output

## Contacts

IK 9065.11, SK 9065.11: 1 changeover contact
Thermal current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {th }}$ :
Switching capacity
to AC 15
NO contact: 3 A / AC $230 \mathrm{~V} \quad$ IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
NC contact
1 A/AC IEC/EN 60 947-5-1 1 A / DC 24 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
DC 13:
Electrical life
to AC 15 at $1 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{AC} 230 \mathrm{~V}$ :
Short-circuit strength
max. fuse rating:
Mechanical life:

## General Data

## Operating mode:

Temperature range
Clearance and creepage

## distances

rated impuls voltage / pollution degree:

## EMC

Electrostatic discharge:
HF-irradiation:
Fast transients:
Surge voltages
between
wires for power supply:
HF-wire guided:
Interference suppression:
Degree of protection:
Housing:
Vibration resistance:
Climate resistance:
Terminal designation:
Wire connection:

Wire fixing:
Mounting:
Weight:

Continuous operation
$-40 \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

4 kV / 2
IEC 60 664-1

8 kV (air) IEC/EN 61 000-4-2
$20 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$
IEC/EN 61 000-4-3
4 kV
IEC/EN 61 000-4-4

2 kV
IEC/EN 61 000-4-5
10 V
Limit value class B
IEC/EN 61 000-4-6

Housing: IP 40
EN 55011
Termin
IEC/EN 60529
IEC/EN 60529
Thermoplastic with V0 behaviour
according to UL subject 94
Amplitude 0.35 mm
frequency 10 ... 55 Hz IEC/EN 60 068-2-6
40 / 060 / 04 IEC/EN 60 068-1
EN 50005
$2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ solid or
$2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ stranded wire with sleeve
DIN 46 228-1/-2/-3/-4
Flat terminals with self-lifting
clamping piece IEC/EN 60 999-1
DIN rail IEC/EN 60715
IK 9065: approx 65 g
SK 9065: approx 84 g
SL 9065CT: approx. 195 g

## Dimensions

## Width $\mathbf{x}$ height x depth:

| IK 9065: | $17.5 \times 90 \times 58 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| SK 9065: | $17.5 \times 90 \times 98 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| SL 9065CT: | $35 \times 90 \times 98 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

K 9065:
$\times 58 \mathrm{~mm}$
SL 9065CT:
$35 \times 90 \times 98 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Standard Types

IK 9065.11 3 AC $400 \mathrm{~V} 0.4 \ldots 8$ A $1 \ldots 100 \mathrm{~s}$
Article number:
0055534

- Output:

1 changeover contact

- De-energized on trip:
- Nominal voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{N}}$ :

3 AC 400 V

- Current range:
0.4 ... 8 A
- Operate delay: $1 . .100 \mathrm{~s}$
- Width: 17.5 mm

SK 9065.113 AC $400 \mathrm{~V} \quad 0.4 \ldots 8$ A $1 \ldots 100 \mathrm{~s}$
Article number: 0055816

- Output: 1 changeover contact
- De-energized on trip
- Nominal voltage $U_{N}$ :
- Current range:

3 AC 400 V
0.4 ... 8 A

- Operate delay:
- Width:
$1 . .100 \mathrm{~s}$
17.5 mm

SL 9065.11CT/100 3 AC 400 V $5 \ldots 100$ A $1 \ldots 100 \mathrm{~s}$
Article number:

- Output:

0059410

- Nominal voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{N}}$ :

1 changeover contact

- Current range:

3 AC 400 V

- Operate delay:

5 ... 100 A

- programmable for: manual reset with built in or external push button, energized or de-energized on trip, selection via switch on the front
- Width:

35 mm

## Variants

IK 9065.11/100,
SK 9065.11/100:
programmable for: manual reset with built in or external push button, energized or de-energized on trip, selection via switch on the front

## Ordering example for variants



## Connection Example



IK 9065.11 with 3-phase load

## Connection Examples



IK 9065.11 with single-phase load


IK/SK 9065.11 for motors with separate windings


IK/SK 9065.11 with 3-phase load and external current transformer

## Connection Examples



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\begin{array}{ll}
\text { X1 - L1 open: } \quad \begin{array}{l}
\text { manual reset / latched alarm } \\
\text { (reset with internal or external push button) }
\end{array} \\
\text { X1 - L1 connected : automatic reset (auto - reset) }
\end{array}
$$

IK/SK 9065.11/100 with 3-phase load


SL 9065.11CT/100

